

## FIRST TERM EXAM

Time: 90 Min.

PAPER CODE: S - 1031

SUB: SCIENCE ( E )

Total number of Questions : 40

Max. Marks : 40

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**Instructions: (i) The question paper consist of 40 multiple choice objective type questions.**

**(ii) All questions are compulsory.**

**(iii) Every question has four choices for its answers ( A ), ( B ) ( C ) and ( D ) and Only one of them is correct answer.**

**( iv) Select the one that you consider to be the most appropriate answer among the four choices.**

**(v) Each correct answer will carry one mark.**

**(vi) There will be no negative marking for the wrong answer.**

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Q.1. Calcium oxide reacts vigorously with water to produce slaked lime.

The molecular formula of slaked lime is \_\_\_\_\_

- A.  $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2$
  - B.  $\text{CaCO}_3$
  - B.  $\text{CaO}$
  - C.  $\text{CaOH}$
- 

Q2. When lead nitrate powder is heated in a boiling tube, brown fumes of \_\_\_\_\_ is emitted.

- A. nitrogen dioxide
- B. lead oxide
- C. Nitrous oxide
- D. Oxygen

Q3. If a substance gains oxygen or loses hydrogen during a chemical reaction, it is said to be \_\_\_\_\_

- A. oxidised

- B. reduced
- C. oxidised and reduced
- D. displaced

Q4. In the reaction :  $\text{Cu} + x\text{HNO}_3 \rightarrow \text{Cu}(\text{NO}_3)_2 + y\text{NO}_2 + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$

The value of x and y are \_\_\_\_\_

- A.  $x=4, y=2$
- B.  $x=2, y=4$
- C.  $x=2, y=2$
- D.  $x=3, y=4$

Q5. The Sodium compound which is used for softening hard water is \_\_\_\_\_

- A.  $\text{NaHCO}_3$
- B.  $\text{NaCl}$
- C.  $\text{NaOH}$
- D.  $\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3$

Q6. From the following an example of olfactory indicator is \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Turmeric
- B. Methyl Orange
- C. Vanilla
- D. Litmus

Q7. Gas generated by all acids on reacting with metals is \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Chlorine
- B. Nitrogen
- C. Hydrogen
- D. Oxygen.

Q8. pH paper on testing with a solution X, showed dark blue colour.

Therefore, the solution x should be \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Very acidic
- B. Very alkaline
- C. mild acidic
- D. Neutral

Q9. Care must be taken while mixing Nitric acid or Sulphuric acid with water because \_\_\_\_\_

- A. It results in decrease in concentration of ions.
- B. The process is highly endothermic one.
- C. It generates  $\text{H}^+$  (aq) ions.
- D. It generates  $\text{OH}^-$  ion

Q10. The ability of metals to be drawn into thin wires is called \_\_\_\_\_

- A. malleability
- B. ductility
- C. lustre
- D. Sonorous

Q11. An example of metal oxide which react with both acids and bases to produce salt and water is \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Aluminium oxide
- B. Magnesium oxide
- C. Sodium Oxide
- D. Copper Oxide

Q12. Metal sulphides are converted into metal oxides by heating strongly in the presence of excess air, This process is known as \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Enrichment
- B. Roasting
- C. Calcination
- D. Concentration

13. Method which is suitable for preventing rusting of an iron frying pan is \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Applying grease
- B. Applying paint
- C. Applying coating of Zinc
- D. All of the given

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Q14. The gap between two neurons is called a \_\_\_\_\_ .

- A. Dendrite
- B. Axon
- C. Synapse
- D. Impulse

Q15. The part of the brain that maintains the posture and balance of the body is \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Cerebrum
- B. Cerebellum
- C. Medulla
- D. Spinal cord

Q16. The plant hormone that promotes cell division is \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Cytokinins
- B. Auxins
- C. Gibberellins
- D. Absciscic acid

Q17. The growth of pollen grain towards ovules is an example of \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Geotropism
- B. Phototropism
- C. Chemotropism
- D. Hydrotropism

Q18. The hormone that regulates carbohydrates, Proteins and fats metabolism in the body is \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Insulin
- B. Oestrogen
- C. Growth
- D. Thyroxine

Q19. Ramesh is extremely short as compared to his friend of his age the gland that is responsible for his imbalance is \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Adrenal gland
- B. Pituitary gland
- C. Thyroid gland
- D. Pineal gland

Q20. The Anther contains \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Sepals
- B. Ovules
- C. Pollen Grain
- D. Carpel

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Q21. Fertilization in humans occurs in \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Uterus
  - B. Fallopian Tube
  - C. Vagina
  - D. Urethra
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Q22. In Amoeba reproduction takes place by the Fission of a mother Amoeba into two new daughter Amoebae, this mode of reproduction is \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Sexual reproduction
- B. Asexual Reproduction
- C. Regeneration
- D. Budding

Q23. The function of testes at puberty is \_\_\_\_\_

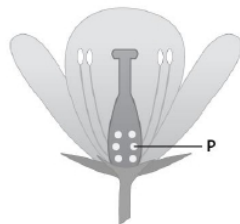
- (i) Formation of germ cells
  - (ii) Secretion of testosterone
  - (iii) Development of placenta
  - (iv) Secretion of estrogen
- A. (i) and(ii)
  - B. (ii) and(iii)
  - C. (iii) and(iv)
  - D. (i) and(iv)

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Q24. Which of the following method of contraception protects from acquiring sexually transmitted diseases?

- A. Surgery
  - B. Condoms
  - C. Copper-T
  - D. Oral-pills
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Q25. The image shows the structure of a flower.



Which process will likely be disturbed or not occur, if the labelled part is removed from the flower?

- A. Formation of fruit
- B. Transport of pollen
- C. Formation of pollen
- D. Formation of male germ cells

Q26. Which of the following statements on the reproduction of humans is correct?

- I. All eggs are fertilized externally
  - II. One female egg can be fertilized by many sperms
  - III. After fertilization the embryo will develop into a young baby
  - IV. Males produce sperms and females produce eggs.
- A. I and II
  - B. I and III
  - C. II, III, and IV
  - D. III and IV
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Q27. Coulomb is the SI unit of \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Current
- B. Potential difference
- C. Resistance
- D. Charge

Q28. A device that helps to maintain a potential difference across a conductor is \_\_\_\_\_

- A. Voltmeter
- B. Ammeter
- C. Battery
- D. Switch

Q29. Two special characteristics of a heater coil in an electric iron are \_\_\_\_\_

- A. High Resistivity and Low Melting point
- B. High Resistivity and High Melting point
- C. Low Resistivity and Low Melting point
- D. Low Resistivity and High Melting point

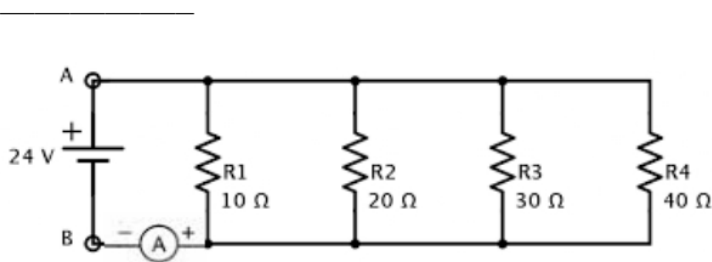
Q30. A Car headlight bulb working on a 12 Volt Car Battery draws a current of 0.5 Ampere. Therefore, the power of the bulb is \_\_\_\_\_

- A. 6 watt
- B. 8 watt
- C. 9 watt
- D. 3 watt

Q31. Two Resistances are connected in series gives an equivalent resistance of 10 Ohm. When connected in parallel gives 2.1 Ohm. Then, the individual resistance are \_\_\_\_\_

- A. 6 Ohm and 4 Ohm
- B. 8 Ohm and 2 Ohm
- C. 7 Ohm and 3 Ohm
- D. 5 Ohm and 5 Ohm

Q32. The current flowing through the 20 Ohm resistor in the following circuit is \_\_\_\_\_



- A. 0.2 A
- B. 1.2 A
- C. 2.0 A
- D. 2.4 A

Q33. A rectangular coil of copper wire is rotated in a magnetic field. The direction of induced current changes once in each \_\_\_\_\_

- A. two revolutions
- B. one revolution
- C. half revolution
- D. one fourth revolution

Q34. At the time of short circuit, the current in the circuit \_\_\_\_\_

- A. reduces substantially
- B. does not change
- C. increases heavily
- D. varies continuously

- Q35. To convert an AC generator into a DC generator \_\_\_\_\_
- A. a split-ring type commutator must be used
  - B. slip rings and brushes must be changed
  - C. a stronger magnetic field has to be used
  - D. a rectangular wire loop has to be used.
- Q36. The most important safety method used for protecting home appliances from short circuit and overloading is \_\_\_\_\_
- A. earthing
  - B. use of fuse
  - C. use of stabilizers
  - D. use of electric meter
- Q37. In Flemings right hand rule, the middle finger will show the direction of \_\_\_\_\_
- A. force
  - B. motion
  - C. magnetic field
  - D. induced current
- Q38. A wind mill to function the minimum wind velocity required is \_\_\_\_\_
- A. Less than 15 Km/hr
  - B. Minimum 13 Km/hr
  - C. More than 5 Km/hr
  - D. More than 15 Km/hr
- Q39. A student constructed a box type solar cooker. He noticed that the Green-house effect produced by it is very effective. The part of the solar cooker responsible for green house effect is \_\_\_\_\_
- A. Mirror
  - B. Outer cover of the solar cooker
  - C. Black colour coating outside the box
  - D. Glass sheet
- Q40. In nuclear electricity generation, the process used currently involves the fission of \_\_\_\_\_
- A. Uranium-235 nuclei bombarding with electrons
  - B. Uranium-235 nuclei bombarding with protons
  - C. Uranium-235 nuclei bombarding with neutrons
  - D. Uranium-235 nuclei bombarding with ions